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Constitution are different from the old time visits. In the old days, the Governor functioned as the head of the executive Government. Now, he is a functionary and there is no object in his receiving petitions though he may have no objection to receiving them and sending them on to the Government, just as hon. Members receive petitions and send them to the Government. So far as the objects are concerned, they are very important other than remedying administrative grievances. The Governor has a function which we understand and that is the reason why in the Constitution he is given a place.''

SRI G. C. KONDAYYA :—'' Since the Governor visited only temples and festivals, can the Government afford to spend on such visits? ''

THE HON. SRI C. RAJAGOPALACHARI :—'' There is much gain by visiting temples and festivals. It is there that we get the common average good type of men and women. As regards the desirability of touring, the function is there and tour expenses are provided. I think that indirect influence is much healthier than direct propaganda.''

SRI V. BALAKRISHNAN :—'' Are the Government aware of the feelings of the people that in the present set-up of the Government the Cabinet being responsible for the administration of the country, frequent tours by the Governor are a costly superfluity? ''

THE HON. SRI C. RAJAGOPALACHARI :—'' I do not think that the hon. Member reflects the opinion of the people, judged from the number of people that gather during the Governor's tours.''

SRI P. VENKATESWARLU :—'' The Hon. Chief Minister told us that the Governor was making tours to develop goodwill. May I know, Sir, whether that goodwill is between the Governor and the people or the Government and the people? ''

THE HON. SRI C. RAJAGOPALACHARI :—'' The word 'goodwill' is an abstract description of a very real matter, viz., peaceful and good relationship between men and men. It makes no distinctions between one set of people and another set of people.''

Liquor permits to officers.

* 1038 *Q.*—SRI V. R. KRISHNA AYYAR : Will the Hon. the Minister for Prohibition be pleased to state—

(*a*) how many Judges of the Madras High Court and gazetted officers under the State hold liquor permits;

(*b*) how many Members of the Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Council hold such permits; and

(*c*) how many Police and Prohibition officials hold such permits?

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THE HON. SRI V. C. PALANISAMI GOUNDER :—" (*a*) One Judge of the Madras High Court and seven gazetted officers of this State hold permits.

" (*b*) One Member of the Legislative Assembly and three Members of the Legislative Council.

" (*c*) Three Police officers hold permits. There are no permit-holders among the Prohibition staff."

SRI V. R. KRISHNA AYYAR :—" May I know, Sir, the qualification for getting permits? Is it importance in office or wealth or any other consideration?"

THE HON. SRI V. C. PALANISAMI GOUNDER :—" The permits are generally issued under medical certificates from highly qualified medical officers."

SRI M. CHADAYAN :—" സർ, എത്ര പേർക്ക് പെർമിററ് കൊടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ട്? പെർമിററ് കൊടുക്കുന്ന കാര്യത്തിൽ എന്തെല്ലാം യോഗ്യതകൾ വേണമെന്നും, എത്ര വയസ്സ് വേണമെന്നും, എം. എൽ. എ. മാരുടെ കാര്യത്തിൽ വല്ല നിശ്ചയവും ഉണ്ടോ എന്നും ദയവുചെയ്തു മറുപടി പറയുമോ?"

THE HON. SRI C. RAJAGOPALACHARI :—" Hon. Members must remember that there is a statutory provision in the Prohibition Act itself that permits should be given on medical grounds and under certain regulations prescribed by the Government. Those regulations have been prescribed and persons who have the necessary qualification by way of ill-health and otherwise will get certificates from doctors and on a consideration of those certificates, permits are issued, but with this caution that the permits are not used for illicit transactions."

SRI T. VISWANATHAM :—" May we know, Sir, the names of those permit-holders so that we may not go near them and meet them?"

THE HON. SRI C. RAJAGOPALACHARI :—" Sir, it is not, I think, desirable to give names. There is nothing wrong in a man being ill. It is his misfortune and when the doctor says that for his illness he has to use a certain drug—the drug is costly—we give it with considerable caution. I do not think we should put down names just as we do in other matters, it may be justified, but yet not desirable."

SRI G. SATYANARAYANA :—" ఈ liquor permit holders మొత్తం ఎంత పుచ్చుకొంటున్నారో చెబుతారా?"

THE HON. SRI C. RAJAGOPALACHARI :—" That is very definitely prescribed in the permits on the basis of the medical certificates."

SRI R. SIDDANNA GOWD :—" Are the Government aware that the Prohibition officers who are not teetotallers are not in need of permits from the Government?"

THE HON. SRI C. RAJAGOPALACHARI :—" No, Sir. Prohibition officers do not ask for permits, I agree. But I may add

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that the Government do not approve of a large-scale demand for permits. The Government is statutorily bound to give some permits in response to the recommendations of medical men. But it is sought to be kept strictly under control. I may add that if very wealthy persons wish to kill themselves, I have no objection."

MR. SPEAKER :—" Question time is over. The answers to the remaining questions will be printed in the official proceedings."

POINT OF ORDER.

SRI SAKA VENKATA RAO :—" On a point of order, Sir, వెనుక 9–30 p.m.
బెంచీలలో ఉన్నవారు ఉప ప్రశ్నలు వేయడానికి అసలు అవకాశమే ఇవ్వడంలేదు. అది అట్లుండగా, రెండవది రోజూ వచ్చేటటువంటి ప్రశ్నలు సుమారు 50, 60 వరకు ఉంటూండగా, ఏదో 10, 12 ప్రశ్నలు మాత్రమే ఈ ప్రశ్నకాలములో ముగింపబడుచున్నవి. పోనీ, మిగతా ప్రశ్నలకు తరువాత రోజైనా అవకాశమిచ్చి సమాధానాలు ఇవ్వడం జరుగుతున్నదా అంటే అదీకూడాలేదు. అందుచేత ఈ విషయంలో ఒక పద్ధతి అవలంబిస్తే బాగుంటుందని, దాన్ని గురించి ఒక సూచన చేస్తున్నాను. ఈ ప్రశ్నల గంటలో, ముక్కాలు గంటవరకు ఉప ప్రశ్నలకు అవకాశమిచ్చి తక్కిన 15 నిమిషాలలో మిగిలిన ప్రశ్నలన్నిటికి కనీసము మంత్రులు సమాధానమైనా చెప్పినట్లయితే బాగుంటుంది. అన్ని ప్రశ్నలకు సమాధానం వచ్చినట్లవుతుంది. కనుక ఆ విధంగా చేయవలెనని అధ్యక్షులను కోరుచున్నాను."

MR. SPEAKER :—" Is the hon. Member making a speech ! "

SRI PILLALAMARRI VENKATESWARLU :—" No, Sir, he is explaining his point of order."

MR. SPEAKER :—" Let somebody translate it. Let me hear Mr. Viswanatham."

SRI T. VISWANATHAM :—" The hon. Member says that in view of the fact that a large number of questions had been left out unanswered both yesterday and to-day, he is making a suggestion for the consideration of the Chair, Sir . . ."

MR. SPEAKER :—" Is that a point of order? "

SRI T. VISWANATHAM :—" In order to catch your eye, he has mentioned it as a point of order."

MR. SPEAKER :—" Perhaps according to him it is a point of order."

SRI T. VISWANATHAM :—" That is why he is offering a suggestion for the consideration of the Chair. He says that the first 45 minutes of the question-hour may be devoted for putting supplementary questions and the remaining 15 minutes may be taken by the Hon. Ministers for answering the remaining questions. He also requests that copies of answers to the remaining questions may be made available to hon. Members the next day."